



**Operational Energy Generation FZCO
Dubai Airport Free Zone**

Dubai (U.A.E.)

**Financial Statements &
Independent Auditor's Report
for the year ended March 31, 2025**

Operational Energy Generation FZCO
Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
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Manager's Report

The manager has pleasure in submitting this report along with the financial statements of Operational Energy Generation FZCO, Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.) (the Company) for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Legal status and shareholder:

Operational Energy Generation FZCO is incorporated and registered as a Private Free Zone Company with Limited Liability with the Dubai Airport Free Zone of the Dubai Integrated Economic Zones Authority in the emirate of Dubai (U.A.E.) under trading license no. 3150 and having registration no. DAFZ/1472.

M/s Pacific Technical Services India Private Limited, a Private Limited Company registered under certificate of incorporation no. U74900TN1993PTC024165 with the Registrar of Companies under The Companies Act 2013 and its amendments thereafter in Chennai, India, is the sole shareholder of the Company as at the reporting date holding share capital of AED 10,000/- (10 fully paid-up equity shares of AED 1,000/- each), equivalent to USD 2,723/-. The registered address of M/s Pacific Technical Services India Private Limited is 5th Floor, East Tower, Gokul Arcade – East Wing, No. 2, Sardar Patel Road, Adyar, Chennai, India – 600 020.

Operations of the Company:

The Company is licensed to carry on the activities of trading in power generation, transmission & distribution equipment, industrial plant equipment & spare parts, repair & maintenance of non-automotive engines (e.g. ship or rail engines), pumps & related equipment. However, the Company was principally engaged in providing consultancy services, sale of spares & consumables and operational & maintenance services to power generating units during the year under review (previous year providing consultancy services only).

The financial highlights of the Company are as below:

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Revenue	11,186,867	1,936,759
Gross profit	2,725,871	482,421
Other income	1,063,293	-
Net profit	1,508,767	325,735
Total liabilities	6,389,655	2,795,749
Equity & shareholder's funds	3,784,939	2,276,172

Results & dividend:

Net profit for the year amounted to USD 1,508,767/- (previous year earned net profit of USD 325,735/-).

Current year net profit along with opening balance of retained earnings is proposed to be carried forward.

Management's responsibilities & acknowledgements:

We confirm that management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), Dubai Integrated Economic Zones Authority implementing regulations 2023 and applicable provisions of the Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company.

This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Company's management further states that there are no material uncertainties which would make the going concern assumption inappropriate.

Events occurring after the reporting date:

There were no significant events occurring after the reporting date that would materially affect the working or the financial statements of the Company.

Auditors:

The Company's auditors, M/s Kothari Auditors & Accountants L.L.C, Dubai (U.A.E.) are retiring at the end of the annual general meeting of the shareholder and being eligible have expressed their willingness to be re-appointed. A resolution to re-appoint them for the year 2025-26 and to fix their remuneration would be put up before the shareholder at the annual general meeting.

For Operational Energy Generation FZCO



Abirami Sridhar
Manager

May 27, 2025
Dubai, United Arab Emirates



Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholder of

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Qualified opinion:

We have audited the financial statements of Operational Energy Generation FZCO (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity & shareholder's funds and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes & schedules to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter(s) described in the basis for qualified opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) applied on a consistent basis.

Basis for qualified opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Arab Emirates and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Our basis of qualified opinion is mentioned below:

- Independent bank balance confirmation from Mashreq Bank was not available and hence bank balances are subject to confirmation & reconciliation.
- Accounts receivable of USD 5,998,479/- are outstanding from a customer located in Lebanon, which is experiencing significant economic & financial instability. As against this, Company has provided for impairment reserve of USD 1,923,529/- and remaining amount is stated to be recoverable. However, management has represented that same are recoverable & reserve for impairment of accounts receivable of USD 1,923,529/- is sufficient to cover doubtful debts if any. Any differences in recoverability of above amounts could result into net profit and net worth being overstated to the extent of shortfall in recovery.

Emphasis of matters:

Without further qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to the following:

- Corporate tax payable is based on computation of Corporate tax returns as prepared by the management and subject to assessment by the Federal Tax Authority.
- The Company is licensed to carry on the activities of trading in power generation, transmission & distribution equipment, industrial plant & equipment & spare parts, repair & maintenance of non-automotive engines (e.g. ship or rail engines), pumps & related equipment. However, the Company was also engaged in providing consultancy services and operational & maintenance services to power generating units during the year under review.

كوتاري لتدقيق الحسابات ذ.م.م

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Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

To the shareholder of

Operational Energy Generation FZCO**Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)****Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements:**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), Dubai Integrated Economic Zones Authority Implementing Regulations 2023 and applicable provisions of the Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

To the shareholder of

Operational Energy Generation FZCO**Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)**

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements:**Further, we report that:**

- We have obtained all the information we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- The financial statements have been prepared and comply, in all material respects, Dubai Integrated Economic Zones Authority Implementing Regulations 2023 and applicable provisions of the Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company.
- The Company has maintained proper books of accounts and the financial statements are in agreement therewith.
- The financial information included in the Manager's Report is consistent with the books of accounts and records of the Company.
- The Company has not purchased or invested in any shares during the financial year ended March 31, 2025.
- Note no. 4.1 to the financial statements discloses material related party transactions, and the terms under which they were conducted.
- Schedule no. 2 to the financial statements represents subscription amount received from the shareholder towards subscribing to additional shares.
- Based on the information that has been made available to us, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Company has contravened, during the financial year ended March 31, 2025, any of the requirements of Dubai Integrated Economic Zones Authority Implementing Regulations 2023 and applicable provisions of the Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company which would materially affect its activities or its financial position as at March 31, 2025.



Kothari Vipul R.

Ministry of Economy Registration No. 159

Kothari Auditors & Accountants L.L.C

May 27, 2025

Dubai, United Arab Emirates



Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Statement of Financial Position as at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Note no.	2025 USD	2024 USD
Assets:			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant & equipment	Sch 1	-	-
Current assets			
Unbilled revenue	5	161,444	1,149,963
Deposits, prepayments & advances	6	986,745	125,532
Accounts receivable	7	4,561,052	70,000
Amounts due from related parties	8	87,209	71,104
Cash & bank balances	9	4,378,144	3,655,322
		<u>10,174,594</u>	<u>5,071,921</u>
Total assets employed		<u>10,174,594</u>	<u>5,071,921</u>
Equity, shareholder's funds & liabilities:			
Equity & shareholder's funds			
Share capital	10	2,723	2,723
Reserves & surplus	11	3,762,069	2,253,302
Equity		3,764,792	2,256,025
Share application money	Sch 2	20,147	20,147
Equity & shareholder's funds		3,784,939	2,276,172
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		856,009	728,950
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	12	5,533,646	2,063,184
Amounts due to related party	13	-	3,615
Total liabilities		<u>6,389,655</u>	<u>2,795,749</u>
Total equity, shareholder's funds & liabilities		<u>10,174,594</u>	<u>5,071,921</u>

The attached note nos. 1 - 22 and schedule nos. 1 & 2 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 - 5. The manager has approved & authorised the issuance of these financial statements on May 27, 2025.

For Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Abirami

Abirami Sridhar
Manager



Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended March 31, 2025

Particulars	Note no.	2024-25 USD	2023-24 USD
Revenue	14	11,186,867	1,936,759
Direct costs	15	<u>(8,460,996)</u>	<u>(1,454,338)</u>
Gross profit		2,725,871	482,421
Other income	16	1,063,293	-
Selling & distribution costs	17	(1,925,922)	-
Administrative costs	18	(141,851)	(156,574)
Other expenses	19	<u>(73,504)</u>	<u>(112)</u>
Net profit before tax		1,647,887	325,735
Corporate tax	20	<u>(139,120)</u>	-
Net profit for the year		<u>1,508,767</u>	<u>325,735</u>

The attached note nos. 1 - 22 and schedule nos. 1 & 2 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 - 5. The manager has approved & authorised the issuance of these financial statements on May 27, 2025.

For Operational Energy Generation FZCO



Abirami Sridhar
Manager



Operational Energy Generation FZCO
Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Statement of Changes in Equity & Shareholder's Funds for the year ended March 31, 2025

Particulars	Share capital	Retained earnings	Share application money	Total
Balance at March 31, 2023	2,723	1,927,567	20,147	1,950,437
Net profit for the year	-	325,735	-	325,735
Net movements	-	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2024	2,723	2,253,302	20,147	2,276,172
Net profit for the year	-	1,508,767	-	1,508,767
Net movements	-	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2025	2,723	3,762,069	20,147	3,784,939

The attached note nos. 1 - 22 and schedule nos. 1 & 2 form an integral part of these financial statements.
Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 - 5.

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2025

Particulars	Note no.	2024-25 USD	2023-24 USD
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit before tax		1,647,887	325,735
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment		-	1,718
Impairment of accounts receivable		1,923,529	-
Sundry balances written back		(1,063,293)	-
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		2,508,123	327,453
Working capital changes:			
Movement in unbilled revenue		988,519	(1,149,963)
Movement in accounts receivable		(5,632,848)	(70,000)
Movement in deposits, prepayments & advances		(861,213)	14,323
Movement in provisions, accruals & other current liabilities		3,752,022	1,688,206
Movement in accounts payable		127,059	(271,050)
Income taxes refund (paid)		(139,120)	-
Net cash generated from operating activities		742,542	538,969
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Movement in amounts due from related parties		(16,105)	22,000
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		(16,105)	22,000
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Movement in amounts due to related party		(3,615)	3,615
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		(3,615)	3,615
Net movement in cash & cash equivalents		722,822	564,584
Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of the year		3,655,322	3,090,738
Cash & cash equivalents at end of the year	9	4,378,144	3,655,322

The attached note nos. 1 - 22 and schedule nos. 1 & 2 form an integral part of these financial statements.
Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 - 5.

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

1. Legal status and activity:

Operational Energy Generation FZCO is incorporated and registered as a Private Free Zone Company with Limited Liability with the Dubai Airport Free Zone of the Dubai Integrated Economic Zones Authority in the emirate of Dubai (U.A.E.) under trading license no. 3150 and having registration no. DAFZA\1472.

M/s Pacific Technical Services India Private Limited, a Private Limited Company registered under certificate of incorporation no. U74900TN1993PTC024165 with the Registrar of Companies under The Companies Act 2013 and its amendments thereafter in Chennai, India, is the sole shareholder of the Company as at the reporting date holding share capital of AED 10,000/- (10 fully paid-up shares of AED 1,000/- each), equivalent to USD 2,723/-. The registered address of M/s Pacific Technical Services India Private Limited is 5th Floor, East Tower, Gokul Arcade – East Wing, no. 2 & 2A, Sardar Patel Road, Adyar, Chennai, India - 600 020.

The principal place of business is located at 6EB G 25, Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.).

The Company is licensed to carry on the activities of trading in power generation, transmission & distribution equipment, industrial plant equipment & spare parts, repair & maintenance of non-automotive engines (e.g., ship or rail engines), pumps & related equipment. However, the Company was principally engaged in providing consultancy services, sale of spares & consumables and operational & maintenance services to power generating units during the year under review (previous year providing consultancy services only).

The day to day operations of the Company is handled by Mrs. Abirami Sridhar, Indian national, who is appointed as the manager of the Company.

2. Basis of preparation:

2.1. Statement of compliance:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

2.2. Basis of measurement:

These financial statements have been prepared under the going concern assumption and historical cost convention.

2.3. Basis of accounting and coverage:

The Company follows the accrual basis of accounting except for statement of cash flows which is presented on cash basis. Under the accrual basis, the transactions and events are recognised as and when they occur and are recorded in the financial statements for the year to which they relate to.

The financial statements enclosed cover the period from April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2025. Previous year figures are for the period from April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024 and have been regrouped wherever necessary.

2.4. Functional & presentation currency:

The financial statements are presented in United States Dollar (USD), which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in USD has been rounded off to the nearest US Dollar.

2.5. Use of estimates & judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS for SMEs requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Operational Energy Generation FZCO
Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected & same are mentioned under respective accounting policy note.

The following accounting estimates and management judgments which are material in nature, have been considered, in the preparation of financial statements.

- Useful lives of property, plant & equipment:

Company's management estimates the useful life of property, plant & equipment & residual value for calculating depreciation. It reviews the estimated life & residual value on annual basis & future depreciation expense would be adjusted where the management believes that useful life differs from the previous estimates.

- Unbilled revenue:

Revenue accrued but not invoiced from last billing till the reporting date is recognised as accrued revenue & included in the total revenue.

Unbilled revenue is subsequently reversed to the extent when the actual invoices are raised.

The Company on a periodical basis verifies the executability of the unbilled revenue and impairs the projects which have been cancelled/called back by the customer.

- Impairment of accounts receivable:

Accounts receivable are subjected to recoverability test on a periodical basis when collection of full amount is no longer probable. Accounts receivable balances which are individually significant, are verified for ageing, subsequent receipts & balance confirmations. Accounts receivable balances which are individually not material, are assessed collectively & estimated reserve for impairment of accounts receivable is created if same is outstanding for beyond normal credit terms & doubtful.

- Impairment of amounts due from related parties:

Amounts due from related parties are subjected to recoverability test on a periodical basis when realisation of full amount are no longer probable. Amounts due from related parties which are individually significant, are verified for ageing, subsequent recoverability & balance confirmations. Amounts due from related parties which are individually not material, are assessed collectively & estimated reserve for impairment of amounts due from related parties is created if same is outstanding for beyond normal agreed terms & doubtful.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies:

The following accounting policies have been consistently applied by the management in preparation of the financial statements, except as stated below:

3.1. Current and non-current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle.
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period.
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

3.2. Property, plant & equipment:

Property, plant & equipment are carried at their cost of acquisition including any incidental expenses related to acquisition or installation, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation has been provided on straight line method over the estimated useful lives, as determined by the management.

Property, plant & equipment are, at the reporting date, subject to impairment. Where any indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount.

The management's estimate of useful life of various assets is as follows:

Machinery & tools	4 years
Office equipment	3 years
Vehicles	4 years

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant & equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

A decline in the value of property, plant & equipment could have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in these financial statements. Management assesses the impairment of property, plant & equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Factors that are considered important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant changes in the technology and regulatory environments.
- evidence from internal reporting which indicates that the economic performance of the asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

3.3. Financial instruments:

The Company recognises a financial instrument (being a financial asset or financial liability) only when the Company becomes a part of the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Accounting policy relevant to each type of financial instrument is as follows:

Cash & cash equivalents:

Cash & cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows comprises of balance with banks in current accounts.

Accounts receivable:

Accounts receivable are amounts due from customers towards sale of goods & providing of services in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less reserve for impairment of accounts receivable. A reserve for impairment of accounts receivable is recognised when it is probable that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to original terms of the accounts receivable.

Accounts payable:

Accounts payable represent obligations towards purchase of goods in the ordinary course of business. Same is free of interest & payable at the end of credit period granted by the suppliers. Accounts payable are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial assets:

Other financial assets are recognised initially at transaction value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. However, all other financial assets have a value on realisation in the ordinary course of the Company's business, which is at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the statement of financial position.

Other financial liabilities:

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, if any, are initially measured at transaction value, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

A financial asset (or where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of group of similar financial assets) is de-recognised either when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends to settle them on a net basis.

3.4. Impairment of non-financial assets:

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

3.5. Impairment of financial assets:

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that a specific financial asset may be impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if and only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event (events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

If such evidence exists, any impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Impairment is determined as follows.

- For assets carried at fair value, impairment is the difference between the cost and fair value less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.
- For assets carried at cost, impairment is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.
- For assets carried at amortised cost, impairment is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Reversal of impairment losses recognised in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the financial asset no longer exist or have decreased and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised.

3.6. Leases:

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the lessee. All other leases are operating leases.

Operating lease:

Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term. Generally, the Company's operating leases are for annual duration and hence, the Company is not exposed to any operating lease obligations.

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

Dubai Airport Free Zone, Dubai (U.A.E.)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

3.7. Provisions & contingencies:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits would be required to settle these obligations, and a reliable estimate of the same can be made.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements. A disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When likelihood of outflow is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

3.8. Value Added Tax:

As per the Federal Decree-Law No. (08) of 2017, effective from January 1, 2018, Value Added Tax (VAT), is charged at 5% standard rate or 0% (as the case may be) on every taxable supply and deemed supply made by the Company. The Company is required to file its VAT returns and compute the payable / receivable tax (which is output tax less input tax / input tax) for the allotted tax period(s) and deposit / claim refund the same within the prescribed due dates of filing VAT return. However, the Company has de-registered for VAT effective November 21, 2024. Accordingly, VAT is accounted for only up to the date of de-registration.

3.9. Corporate Tax:

On December 09, 2022, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Ministry of Finance ("MOF") released Federal Decree-Law No. 47 of 2022 on the Taxation of Corporations and Businesses, Corporate Tax ("CT") Law to enact a Federal CT regime in the UAE. The new CT regime has become effective for accounting periods beginning on or after June 01, 2023.

The UAE Corporate Tax Law is applicable to the Company with effect from April 01, 2024. Subsequently, the UAE CT Law has been supplemented by a number of Decisions of the Cabinet of Ministers of the UAE/UAE Ministry of Finance/Federal Tax Authority (decisions) and guides issued by the concerned authorities (guides). Such decisions and guides provide important details relating to the interpretation of the UAE CT Law and are required to fully evaluate the impact of the UAE CT Law on the Company.

The taxable income of the Company that are in scope for UAE CT purposes will be subject to the rate of 9% Corporate Tax. Appropriate current taxes are accounted in these financial statements of the Company. In accordance with IAS 12 Income Taxes, the related tax as well as deferred tax accounting impact on the Company have been considered.

Corporate tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Corporate tax is recognised in the profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous year, if any.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except:

- Where the deferred tax liabilities arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with the investments in associates where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax credits and tax losses can be utilised except:

- Where the deferred tax assets relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with the investments in associates, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax asset and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the such asset is expected to be realised or liability settled. Corporate tax relating to items recognised in other comprehensive income, if any, is recognised in other comprehensive income.

3.10. Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates & duties.

Sale of goods:

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and,
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Service income:

Service income comprises of income received from rendering mobilisation, operational & maintenance services. Service income is recognised when service is imparted and right to received is established. Revenue accrued but not invoiced from the last billing till the reporting date is recognised as unbilled revenue & included in total revenue.

Consultancy service income:

Consultancy service income comprises of income received from providing consultancy services. Consultancy service income is recognised when service is imparted and right to receive is established.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

Sundry balances written back:

Sundry balances written back represent amounts no longer payable which were reversed and credit had been given to sundry balances presented under other income based on management representation.

3.11. Expenditure:

Expenses are accounted for on the accrual basis and provisions are made for all known losses and liabilities. Expenses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income, classified according to the function of expense.

3.12. Foreign currencies transactions:

Transactions in foreign currency, if any, are converted into functional currency at prevailing exchange rate on the date such transactions are entered into.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies which are stated at historical cost or fair value, are translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of such transaction or the date of determination of fair value respectively.

Resultant loss or gain has been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, in the year in which such assets are realised or liabilities are discharged.

4. Other significant disclosures:

4.1. Related party transactions:

The Company enters into transactions with another company and person that fall within the definition of a related party as per the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs).

The terms of trade with such related parties are based on commercial terms & conditions agreed upon with them by the management.

Related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions during the year under review comprise of the parent company, group companies, manager and key management personnel as stated hereunder:

<u>Name of the related parties</u>	<u>Control</u>	<u>Relation</u>
M/s Pacific Technical Services India Private Limited, India	100% control	Parent company
M/s Operational Energy Group India Ltd., India	Common control	Group company
M/s OEG Bangladesh Pvt Ltd, Bangladesh	Common control	Group company
M/s OEG Nigeria Limited, Nigeria	Common control	Group company
Ms. Abirami Sridhar	Manager	Key management personnel
Ms. Ravindran Nair Ranjini	Manager until November 9, 2023	Key management personnel

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

During the year under review, following transactions were entered into with related parties:

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
<u>Nature of transactions</u>	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Purchases:		
- Purchases from group company	-	3,615
Compensation to key management personnel:		
- Manager's remuneration & benefits	6,568	6,569

Amounts due from related parties:

Amounts due from related parties are free of interest.

Amounts due to related party:

Amounts due to related party was free of interest.

4.2. Financial, capital risk management & fair value information:

a. Credit, liquidity market rate & other risks:

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's cash is placed with banks of repute.

The exposure to credit risk on accounts receivable and amounts due from related parties is monitored on an ongoing basis by the management and these are considered recoverable by the Company's management. However, 92.50% of total accounts receivable were outstanding from 1 customer only (previous year 100% total accounts receivable were outstanding from 1 customer only) and hence, the Company has concentration of accounts receivable and consequent risk to that extent.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as and when it falls due. The Company's assets are sufficient to cover its financial obligations.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities on contractual undiscounted payments.

	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total USD
Financial liabilities as on March 31, 2025				
Accounts payable	856,009	-	-	856,009
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	5,533,646	-	-	5,533,646
Total	<u>6,389,655</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,389,655</u>
Financial liabilities as on March 31, 2024				
Accounts payable	728,950	-	-	728,950
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	2,063,184	-	-	2,063,184
Amounts due to related party	3,615	-	-	3,615
Total	<u>2,795,749</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,795,749</u>

Operational Energy Generation FZCO

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, including investment prices, interest rates and currency rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

- Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk of variability in profit due to change in interest rates on interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities.

The Company does not have any interest bearing assets or liabilities during the year under review and hence did not have any risk to that extent.

- Currency risk:

Currency risk faced by the Company is minimal as there are minimal foreign currency transactions. Most of the monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in United States Dollar (USD) or in United Arab Emirates Dirhams (AED), which is pegged to USD.

Other risks:

- Revenue risk:

88.54% of revenue was generated from 1 customer (previous year 100% from 2 customers) and hence the Company has concentration of revenue & consequent risk to that extent.

- Purchase/sourcing risk:

The Company has procured material from 2 suppliers which form 99.51% of total purchases (previous year 95.71% of total purchases from 3 suppliers) and discontinuance of supply from them can have a material impact on the sourcing of goods and hence, there is procurement risk to that extent.

- Operational risk:

Operational risk is the risk of losses of the project due to the financial performance of the Company related to the new regulation if any from the government of Lebanon & Nigeria or due to turbulent economic situation in Lebanon.

b. Capital management:

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain lender and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital restrictions.

c. Fair value information:

Fair value represents the amount at which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled in an arm's length transaction, between willing & knowledgeable parties. In respect of all the Company's financial assets viz cash & bank balances, receivables, advances, deposits, accrued income and liabilities viz dues to banks, payables, accruals and other non-current liabilities, in the opinion of the management, the book value approximates to their carrying value.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

5. Unbilled revenue:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Unbilled revenue	161,444	1,149,963
	<u>161,444</u>	<u>1,149,963</u>
Age-wise analysis of unbilled revenue is as follows:		
Outstanding for less than 3 months	-	118,613
Outstanding for more than 3 months but less than 6 months	-	234,600
Outstanding for more than 6 months but less than 12 months	161,444	796,750
	<u>161,444</u>	<u>1,149,963</u>

Movement in reserve for unbilled revenue is as follows:

Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Provided for the year	-	216,852
(Utilised) during the year	-	(216,852)
Balance at the end of the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Unbilled revenue represents revenue accrued but not invoiced from the last billing date till the reporting date (refer note nos. 2.5 & 3.10).

6. Deposits, prepayments & advances:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Deposits	69,915	69,915
Prepayments	3,833	3,833
Advance to suppliers	-	48,469
Other current assets	912,997	3,315
	<u>986,745</u>	<u>125,532</u>

a. Other current assets represents withholding tax.

b. Other current assets in the previous year included VAT refund of USD 1,928/- which was based on computation of VAT pursuant to VAT returns as prepared by the management and subject to assessment & confirmation by the Federal Tax Authority.

7. Accounts receivable:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Trade receivables	6,484,581	70,000
Reserve for impairment of accounts receivable	(1,923,529)	-
	<u>4,561,052</u>	<u>70,000</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Age-wise analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:		
Outstanding for less than 3 months	6,019,479	70,000
Outstanding for more than 3 months but less than 6 months	28,000	-
Outstanding for more than 6 months but less than 12 months	437,102	-
	<u>6,484,581</u>	<u>70,000</u>
Geographical analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:		
Due from Nigeria	486,102	70,000
Due from Lebanon	5,998,479	-
	<u>6,484,581</u>	<u>70,000</u>
Movement in reserve for impairment of accounts receivable is as follows:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Provided for the year	1,923,529	-
(Utilised) during the year	-	-
(Reversed) during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	<u>1,923,529</u>	<u>-</u>

The Company's exposure to credit risk relating to accounts receivable is disclosed in note no. 4.2.a.

8. Amounts due from related parties:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Due from group companies	87,209	71,104
	<u>87,209</u>	<u>71,104</u>
Amounts due from related parties are free of interest.		

9. Cash & bank balances/Cash & cash equivalents:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Balance with banks in current accounts	4,378,144	3,655,322
	<u>4,378,144</u>	<u>3,655,322</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

10. Share capital:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Share capital	<u>2,723</u>	<u>2,723</u>
	<u>2,723</u>	<u>2,723</u>

Share capital comprises of 10 fully paid-up equity shares of AED 1,000/- each, totalling to AED 10,000/-, equivalent to USD 2,723/- (previous year 10 fully paid-up equity shares of AED 1,000/- each totalling to AED 10,000/-, equivalent to USD 2,723/-).

11. Reserves & surplus:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Retained earnings	<u>3,762,069</u>	<u>2,253,302</u>
	<u>3,762,069</u>	<u>2,253,302</u>

12. Provisions, accruals & other liabilities:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Accrued expenses	5,237,310	369,469
Accrued staff salaries & benefits	102,859	34,330
Advance from customers	54,357	1,659,385
Corporate tax payable	<u>139,120</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>5,533,646</u>	<u>2,063,184</u>

13. Amounts due to related party:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Due from group company	<u>-</u>	<u>3,615</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>3,615</u>

Amounts due to related party was free of interest.

14. Revenue:

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Sales of spares & consumables	97,432	103,683
Operating & maintenance service fees	9,943,558	1,031,350
Consultancy service fees	<u>1,145,877</u>	<u>801,726</u>
	<u>11,186,867</u>	<u>1,936,759</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

15. Direct costs:

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Salary, wages & other related benefits	895,533	855,271
Purchases	82,447	84,315
Travelling & conveyance expenses	-	2,440
Consultancy charges	7,477,218	501,475
Other direct expenses	5,798	9,119
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	-	1,718
	<u>8,460,996</u>	<u>1,454,338</u>

16. Other income:

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Sundry balances & earlier years provision written back	781,733	-
Sundry balances written back	281,560	-
	<u>1,063,293</u>	<u>-</u>

17. Selling & distribution costs:

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Impairment of accounts receivable	1,923,529	-
Transport & storage	2,393	-
	<u>1,925,922</u>	<u>-</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

18. Administrative costs:

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Office rent	22,996	23,000
Communication expenses	1,751	396
Utilities	12,467	32,133
Manager's remuneration & benefits	6,568	6,569
Fees & charges	45,664	49,498
Insurance expenses	1,405	282
Bank charges	2,179	1,064
Office & other expenses	48,821	43,632
	<u>141,851</u>	<u>156,574</u>

19. Other expenses:

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Foreign exchange loss - net	73,504	112
	<u>73,504</u>	<u>112</u>

20. Corporate tax:

20.1. Current tax

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Tax on net taxable income for the year	139,120	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	-	-
Net tax on taxable income	<u>139,120</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred income tax		
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets	-	-
(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities	-	-
Corporate tax	<u>139,120</u>	<u>-</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (continued)

20.2. Reconciliation of accounting profit and taxable income

	<u>2024-25</u>	<u>2023-24</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Net profit before tax	1,647,887	325,735
Adjustments for/on account of:		
• Unrealised gains/(losses)	-	-
• Exempt income	-	-
• Reliefs (transfers within qualifying group/business restructuring)	-	-
• Deductions (non-deductible expenditure)	-	-
• Transactions with related parties/connected persons	-	-
• Tax loss relief	-	-
• Incentives/special relief for qualifying business activity	-	-
• Any income/expense not considered for determining taxable income	-	-
• Any other adjustments	-	-
Net taxable income	<u>1,647,887</u>	<u>-</u>

21. Contingent liabilities:

Except for the ongoing business commitments against which no loss is expected, there has been no known contingent liability or commitments, as on reporting date.

22. Events occurring after the reporting date:

There were no significant events occurring after the reporting date that would materially affect the working or the financial statements of the Company.

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Schedules to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

Schedule 1 - Property, plant & equipment:

Particulars	Machinery & tools	Office equipment	Vehicles	Total
Cost:				USD
As at March 31, 2024	19,720	12,736	31,550	64,006
Additions	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	<u>19,720</u>	<u>12,736</u>	<u>31,550</u>	<u>64,006</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
As at March 31, 2024	(19,720)	(12,736)	(31,550)	(64,006)
For the year	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	<u>(19,720)</u>	<u>(12,736)</u>	<u>(31,550)</u>	<u>(64,006)</u>
Net value- March 31, 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net value- March 31, 2024	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Entire property, plant & equipment are lying at the project site, office & guest house in Lebanon. Moreover, vehicles though in the name of M/s Middle East Power SAL, has been exclusively used for the Company purposes, hence it has been included in the financial statements.

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Schedules to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

Schedule 2 - Share application money:

		USD
Particulars		
As at March 31, 2023		
Net movements		
As at March 31, 2024		
Net movements		
As at March 31, 2025		
	M/s Pacific Technical Services India Private Limited	Total
	20,147	20,147
	<u>20,147</u>	<u>20,147</u>
	<u>20,147</u>	<u>20,147</u>

Share application money represents subscription amount received from the shareholder towards subscribing to additional shares. Said amount is free of interest and would be converted to share capital on allotment of shares by M/s Operational Energy Generation FZCO.